Executive Summary

Introduction

Research studies have demonstrated that investing in effective early education programs that prepare young children cognitively, physically, socially, and emotionally for success in school – particularly low-income children at risk of school failure – prevents or reduces needless public spending throughout the educational, social services, and criminal justice systems for juveniles and adults. Early school readiness also increases future state revenues by lowering dropout rates and ensuring a skilled workforce that contributes to the tax base.

Potential lifetime cost savings of school readiness per child

The lifetime economic value of investing in school readiness for just one more child at risk of academic failure in Detroit, Michigan, is a conservative estimate of $96,000, and approximately $47,000 for similar investments based on population factors in Michigan as a whole.

Max M. & Marjorie S. Fisher Foundation estimates that for every one percent improvement in school readiness among Detroit City’s school district approximately 5,200 kindergarteners would result in a $4.2 million one percent early childhood dividend. Statewide, every one percent improvement in school readiness among Michigan’s approximately 122,000 kindergarteners would result in a $48 million dividend.

Methods

To make these estimates, we combine the best available research data from longitudinal studies of early childhood education programs with school demographics and expenditure data from the Michigan Department of Education, as well as from poverty rates, crime rates, and other data for Detroit and Michigan as a whole and the National Archive of Criminal Justice Data.

The resulting estimations show the potential economic benefit associated with one at-risk child receiving early childhood education at the same quality and intensity of the reviewed early childhood education programs.

ESTIMATED LIFETIME SAVINGS PER ADDITIONAL AT-RISK CHILD ACHIEVING SCHOOL READINESS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cost category</th>
<th>Detroit</th>
<th>Michigan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K-12 special education</td>
<td>$2,050</td>
<td>$1,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K-12 grade repetition</td>
<td>$678</td>
<td>$244</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal K-12 lifetime savings</strong></td>
<td>$2,728</td>
<td>$1,634</td>
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<tr>
<td>Criminal justice</td>
<td>$21,114</td>
<td>$8,589</td>
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<tr>
<td>Child care subsidies</td>
<td>$8,435</td>
<td>$6,540</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public assistance</td>
<td>$319</td>
<td>$293</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child welfare</td>
<td>$1,507</td>
<td>$1,504</td>
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<tr>
<td>State tax revenue</td>
<td>$2,690</td>
<td>$2,110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal state government lifetime savings</strong></td>
<td>$34,066</td>
<td>$19,037</td>
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<tr>
<td>Crime victims savings</td>
<td>$56,150</td>
<td>$22,841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health (alcohol abuse and drug use)</td>
<td>$1,936</td>
<td>$1,936</td>
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<tr>
<td>Productivity of employed parents</td>
<td>$1,657</td>
<td>$1,657</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal social savings</strong></td>
<td>$59,743</td>
<td>$26,434</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total per child lifetime savings</td>
<td>$96,536</td>
<td>$47,104</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total adjusted for out-migration</td>
<td>$81,524</td>
<td>$39,197</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Present value dollars
LIFETIME BENEFITS OF EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION PER CHILD

IN DETROIT

$2,728
3%
• K-12 savings
$59,743
62%
• State government savings
$34,066
35%
• Social savings

IN MICHIGAN

$1,634
4%
• K-12 savings
$26,434
56%
• State government savings
$19,037
40%
• Social savings

Conclusions

School readiness for young children enhances educational performance, reduces anti-social behavior, and improves the likelihood of having a healthier life. These benefits produce substantial economic value to society. The potential state and public dividend for just one additional child achieving school readiness in Detroit is at least $81,000. Most of these benefits come from reduced crime of school-ready children (80% for Detroit and 67% for Michigan). We find returns on investment in school readiness of about $8 to $20 for every at risk child in Detroit and $4 to $9 for the entire state of Michigan.

Michigan has been investing in school readiness over the past 25 years and, accordingly, has reaped the benefits of more than a billion dollars in annual savings and revenues.¹ Those benefits would rise exponentially as a result of increased school readiness investments in Detroit, given the potential dividend for just one additional child achieving school readiness in Detroit is at least $96,000.


Investing in high quality early childhood education makes economic sense. The potential economic benefits of early childhood education provide objective evidence to taxpayers and policymakers that can be used to produce more effective and efficient allocation decisions.

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For more information

This summary presents highlights of the *Cost Savings of School Readiness Per Additional At-Risk Child in Detroit and Michigan.* Full report is available at [www.mmfisher.org](http://www.mmfisher.org). For more information about this report, contact Jose Diaz at Wilder Research, 651-280-2738.

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